

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel**  
International  
Advanced Level

Centre Number

Candidate Number

--	--	--	--	--

--	--	--

# Wednesday 3 June 2020

Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)

Paper Reference **WMA13/01**

## Mathematics

### International Advanced Level

#### Pure Mathematics P3

**You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Lilac), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations.**  
**Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.**

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

### Information

- A booklet ‘Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables’ is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

**Turn over ▶**

P65758RA

©2020 Pearson Education Ltd.

1/1/1/1/1/1/



P 6 5 7 5 8 R A 0 1 3 2



**Pearson**

Leave  
blank

1. Solve, for  $0 \leq x < 360^\circ$ , the equation

$$2\cos 2x = 7\cos x$$

giving your solutions to one decimal place.

*(Solutions based entirely on graphical or numerical methods are not acceptable.)*

(5)

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

## **Question 1 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

Q1

(Total 5 marks)



P 6 5 7 5 8 R A 0 3 3 2

Leave  
blank

2. A scientist monitored the growth of bacteria on a dish over a 30-day period.

The area,  $N\text{mm}^2$ , of the dish covered by bacteria,  $t$  days after monitoring began, is modelled by the equation

$$\log_{10} N = 0.0646t + 1.478 \quad 0 \leq t \leq 30$$

- (a) Show that this equation may be written in the form

$$N = ab^t$$

where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants to be found. Give the value of  $a$  to the nearest integer and give the value of  $b$  to 3 significant figures.

(4)

- (b) Use the model to find the area of the dish covered by bacteria 30 days after monitoring began. Give your answer, in  $\text{mm}^2$ , to 2 significant figures.

(2)

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

## **Question 2 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

Q2

(Total 6 marks)



Leave  
blank

3.

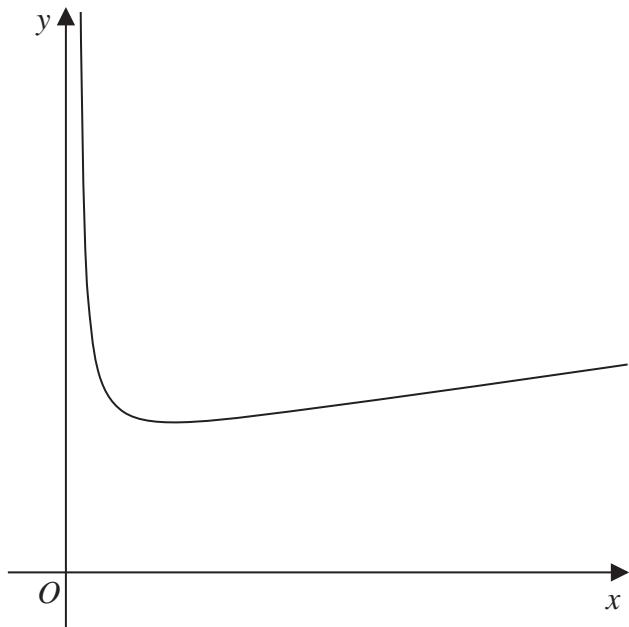
**Figure 1**

Figure 1 shows a sketch of a curve with equation  $y = f(x)$  where

$$f(x) = \frac{2x + 3}{\sqrt{4x - 1}} \quad x > \frac{1}{4}$$

- (a) Find, in simplest form,  $f'(x)$ . (4)
- (b) Hence find the range of  $f$ . (3)
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

Leave  
blank

**Question 3 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



Leave  
blank

### **Question 3 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

### **Question 3 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

Q3

(Total 7 marks)



Leave  
blank

4.

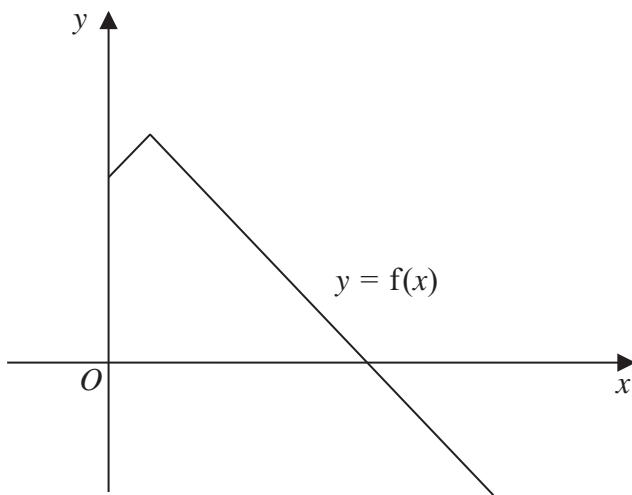
**Figure 2**

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the graph with equation  $y = f(x)$  where

$$f(x) = 21 - 2|2 - x| \quad x \geq 0$$

- (a) Find  $f(f(6))$  (2)
- (b) Solve the equation  $f(x) = 5x$  (2)

Given that the equation  $f(x) = k$ , where  $k$  is a constant, has exactly two roots,

- (c) state the set of possible values of  $k$ . (2)

The graph with equation  $y = f(x)$  is transformed onto the graph with equation  $y = af(x - b)$

The vertex of the graph with equation  $y = af(x - b)$  is  $(6, 3)$ .

Given that  $a$  and  $b$  are constants,

- (d) find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ . (2)
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 
- 



Leave  
blank

**Question 4 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



P 6 5 7 5 8 R A 0 1 1 3 2

Leave  
blank

## **Question 4 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

## **Question 4 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

Q4

(Total 8 marks)



Leave  
blank

5. (a) Show that

$$\sin 3x \equiv 3 \sin x - 4 \sin^3 x \quad (4)$$

- (b) Hence find, using algebraic integration,

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \sin^3 x \, dx \quad (4)$$

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

## **Question 5 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

Q5

(Total 8 marks)



P 6 5 7 5 8 R A 0 1 5 3 2

Leave  
blank

6.

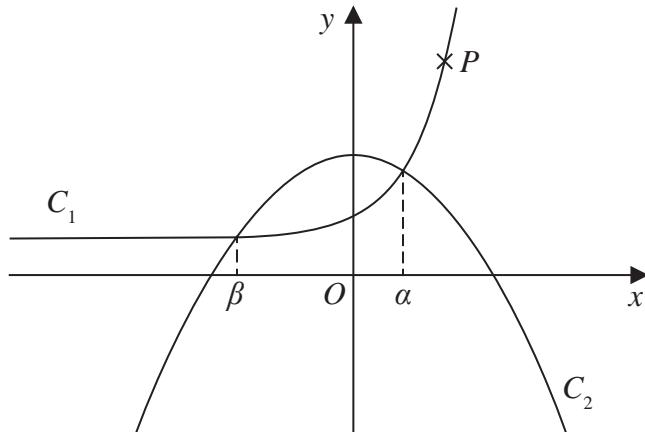
**Figure 3**

Figure 3 shows a sketch of curve  $C_1$  with equation  $y = 5e^{x-1} + 3$

and curve  $C_2$  with equation  $y = 10 - x^2$

The point  $P$  lies on  $C_1$  and has  $y$  coordinate 18

- (a) Find the  $x$  coordinate of  $P$ , writing your answer in the form  $\ln k$ , where  $k$  is a constant to be found.

(3)

The curve  $C_1$  meets the curve  $C_2$  at  $x = \alpha$  and at  $x = \beta$ , as shown in Figure 3.

- (b) Using a suitable interval and a suitable function that should be stated, show that to 3 decimal places  $\alpha = 1.134$

(3)

The iterative equation

$$x_{n+1} = -\sqrt{7 - 5e^{x_n-1}}$$

is used to find an approximation to  $\beta$ .

Using this iterative formula with  $x_1 = -3$

- (c) find the value of  $x_2$  and the value of  $\beta$ , giving each answer to 6 decimal places.

(3)



Leave  
blank

**Question 6 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



P 6 5 7 5 8 R A 0 1 7 3 2

Leave  
blank

## **Question 6 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

## **Question 6 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

Q6

(Total 9 marks)



Leave  
blank

7. (a) Express  $\cos x + 4 \sin x$  in the form  $R \cos(x - \alpha)$  where  $R > 0$  and  $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$

Give the exact value of  $R$  and give the value of  $\alpha$ , in radians, to 3 decimal places

(3)

A scientist is studying the behaviour of seabirds in a colony.

She models the height above sea level,  $H$  metres, of one of the birds in the colony by the equation

$$H = \frac{24}{3 + \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}t\right) + 4\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}t\right)} \quad 0 \leq t \leq 6.5$$

where  $t$  seconds is the time after it leaves the nest.

Find, according to the model,

- (b) the minimum height of the seabird above sea level, giving your answer to the nearest cm, (2)

(c) the value of  $t$ , to 2 decimal places, when  $H = 10$  (4)

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

**Question 7 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



P 6 5 7 5 8 R A 0 2 1 3 2

Leave  
blank

### **Question 7 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

## **Question 7 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

Q7

(Total 9 marks)



Leave  
blank

8. (i) The curve  $C$  has equation  $y = g(x)$  where

$$g(x) = e^{3x} \sec 2x \quad -\frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{\pi}{4}$$

- (a) Find  $g'(x)$  (2)

- (b) Hence find the  $x$  coordinate of the stationary point of  $C$ . (3)

- (ii) A different curve has equation

$$x = \ln(\sin y) \quad 0 < y < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Show that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^x}{f(x)}$$

where  $f(x)$  is a function of  $e^x$  that should be found.

(4)

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

**Question 8 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



P 6 5 7 5 8 R A 0 2 5 3 2

Leave  
blank

### **Question 8 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

## **Question 8 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

Q8

(Total 9 marks)



Leave  
blank

9. (a) Given that

$$\frac{x^4 - x^3 - 10x^2 + 3x - 9}{x^2 - x - 12} \equiv x^2 + P + \frac{Q}{x - 4} \quad x > -3$$

find the value of the constant  $P$  and show that  $Q = 5$

(4)

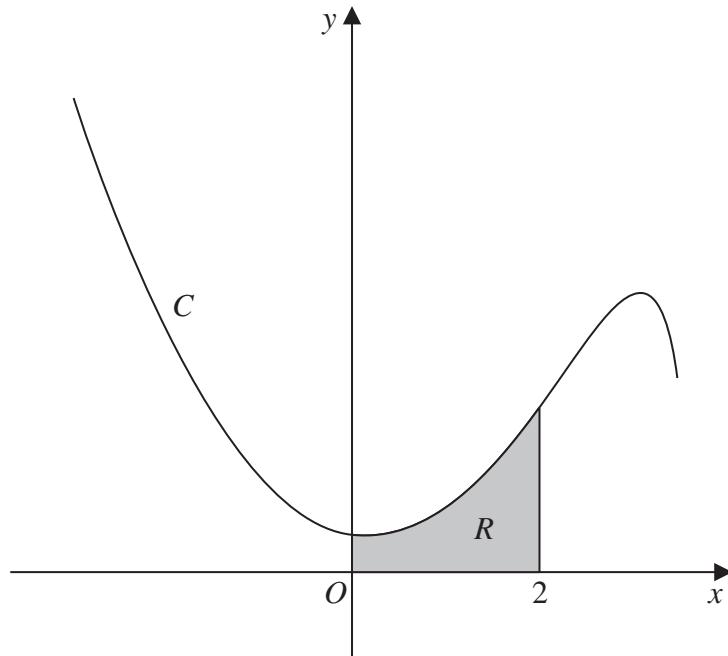
The curve  $C$  has equation  $y = g(x)$ , where

$$g(x) = \frac{x^4 - x^3 - 10x^2 + 3x - 9}{x^2 - x - 12} \quad -3 < x < 3.5 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

- (b) Find the equation of the tangent to  $C$  at the point where  $x = 2$

Give your answer in the form  $y = mx + c$ , where  $m$  and  $c$  are constants to be found.

(5)



**Figure 4**

Figure 4 shows a sketch of the curve  $C$ .

The region  $R$ , shown shaded in Figure 4, is bounded by  $C$ , the  $y$ -axis, the  $x$ -axis and the line with equation  $x = 2$

- (c) Find the exact area of  $R$ , writing your answer in the form  $a + b \ln 2$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants to be found.

(5)



Leave  
blank

**Question 9 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



Leave  
blank

### **Question 9 continued**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**

**DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA**



Leave  
blank

**Question 9 continued**

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



P 6 5 7 5 8 R A 0 3 1 3 2

Leave  
blank

## **Question 9 continued**

Q9

(Total 14 marks)

END

**TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS**

